

Graphing & Solving Polynomials Notes

Objective: To sketch a graph of any polynomial with any degree higher than 1.

Directions:

- a) Use the Leading Coefficient Test to determine the polynomial function's end behavior.
- b) Find the x-intercepts by setting the function = 0 and factoring.
- c) Determine each solution's multiplicity and state if it touches the x-axis and turns around or crosses the x-axis.
- d) Determine the y-intercept of each polynomial function.
- e) Sketch the graph of each polynomial function.

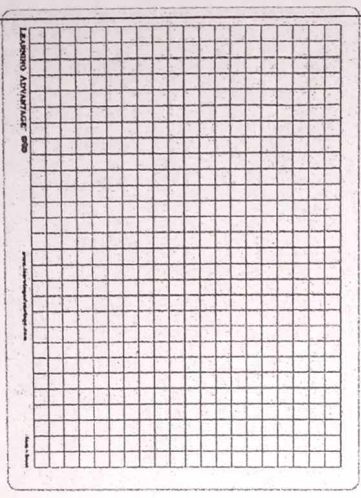
Ex1)  $f(x) = x^3 - 5x^2 - 4x + 20$

a) \_\_\_\_\_

b) \_\_\_\_\_

c) \_\_\_\_\_

d) \_\_\_\_\_



Ex2)  $f(x) = -x^4 + 16x^2$

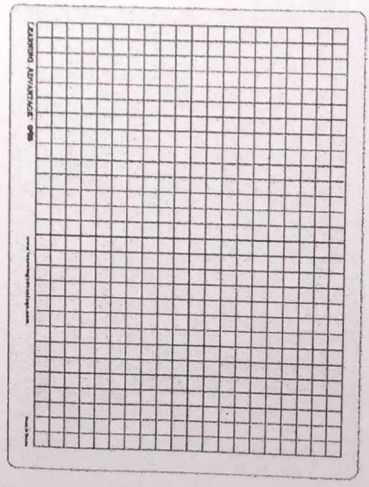
e) \_\_\_\_\_

a) \_\_\_\_\_

b) \_\_\_\_\_

c) \_\_\_\_\_

d) \_\_\_\_\_



Ex3)  $f(x) = x^3 + 4x^2 + 4x$

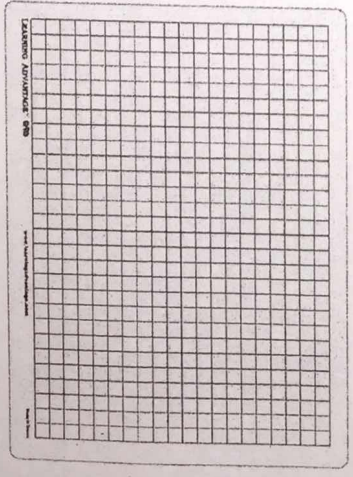
e) \_\_\_\_\_

a) \_\_\_\_\_

b) \_\_\_\_\_

c) \_\_\_\_\_

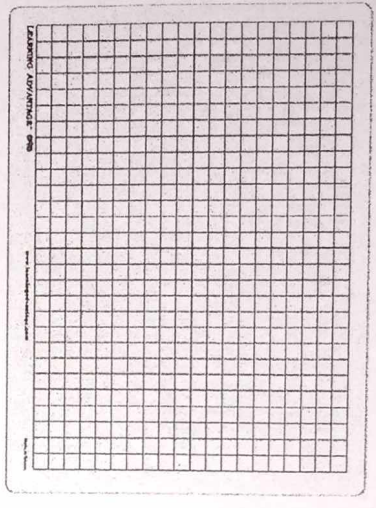
d) \_\_\_\_\_



Ex4)  $f(x) = 3x^2 - x^3$

- a) \_\_\_\_\_
- b) \_\_\_\_\_
- c) \_\_\_\_\_
- d) \_\_\_\_\_

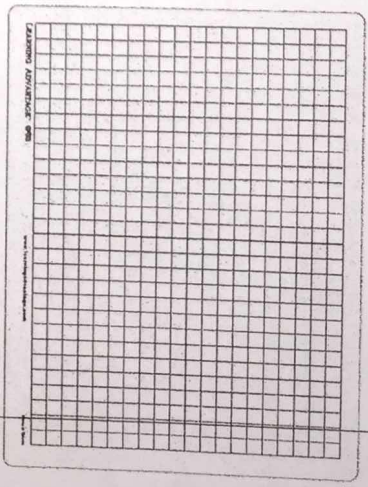
e)



Ex6)  $f(x) = -2x^4 + 2x^3$

- a) \_\_\_\_\_
- b) \_\_\_\_\_
- c) \_\_\_\_\_
- d) \_\_\_\_\_

e)



Ex5)  $f(x) = -x^4 + 16x^2$

- a) \_\_\_\_\_
- b) \_\_\_\_\_
- c) \_\_\_\_\_
- d) \_\_\_\_\_

e)

