

**5.3 Solving Trig Equations Practice Worksheet #1****Pre-calculus**

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_ Block: \_\_\_\_\_

**Solve for the unknown variable on the interval  $0 \leq x < 2\pi$ .**

1.  $4\cos^2 x - 3 = 0$

2.  $\sqrt{2}\sin 2x = 1$

3.  $3\cot^2 x - 1 = 0$

4.  $\cos^3 x = \cos x$

5.  $\sin x - 2\sin x \cos x = 0$

6.  $2\sin^2 x - \sin x - 3 = 0$

7.  $\csc^2 x - \csc x - 2 = 0$

8.  $\cos^2 x = 1 - \sin x$

**Solve for the unknown variable on the given interval.**

9.  $\sqrt{3} + \tan(2x) = 0$  on  $[0, 2\pi)$ .

10.  $\cos(\pi x) = 0.5$  on  $[0, 2)$ .

11.  $\sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 1 = 0$  on  $[0, 8\pi)$ .

**5.3 Solving Trig Equations – Worksheet #2**  
**Pre-calculus**

Name: \_\_\_\_\_  
Date: \_\_\_\_\_ Block: \_\_\_\_\_

**Part 1: Solve for the unknown variable. Give all of the exact general solutions.**

$$1. \sin \theta = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$2. \cos \theta = \sin \theta$$

$$3. \tan \theta = 1$$

$$4. 1 + \sin \theta = 2 \cos^2 \theta$$

$$5. 2 \cos^2 \theta + \cos \theta = 0$$

$$6. \sin 3\theta = -1$$

$$7. \sin^2 \theta - 1 = 0$$

$$8. \cos 2\theta = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$9. 2 \sin^2 \theta - \sin \theta - 1 = 0$$

$$10. \tan 4\theta = -1$$

$$11. \tan^2 3x = 3$$

$$12. \cos \frac{x}{2} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

**Part 2: Solve by approximating the solutions on the interval  $[0, 2\pi]$ .**

$$13. \ 2\sin^2 x + 3\sin x + 1 = 0$$

$$14. \ 4\sin^2 x = 2\cos x + 1$$

$$15. \ \csc x + \cot x = 1$$

$$16. \ \frac{\cos x \cot x}{1 - \sin x} = 3$$

$$17. \ \sec^2 x + 0.5\tan x = 1$$

**Part 3: Use the calculator's inverse trig functions to approximate the solutions. Remember that you must also find the other solution by either adding  $\pi$ , subtracting the value from  $\pi$ , or subtracting the value from  $2\pi$ .**

$$18. \ \tan \theta = 4$$

$$19. \ \cos \theta = 0.84$$

$$20. \ \sin \theta = 0.63$$