

Name Key

Given that $f(x) = 2x - 5$ and $g(x) = x^2 - 3x + 6$ find the following:

- $(f+g)(x)$ $x^2 - x + 1$
- $(f-g)(x)$ $-x^2 + 5x - 11$
- $(fg)(x)$ $2x^3 - 11x^2 + 27x - 30$
- $\left(\frac{f}{g}\right)(x)$ $\frac{2x-5}{x^2-3x+6}$
- Find $(f+g)(2)$ 3
 $(2)^2 - (2) + 1$
- Find $(f-g)(3)$ -5
 $-(3)^2 + 5(3) - 11$
- Find $(fg)(-2)$ -144
 $2(-2)^3 - 11(-2)^2 + 27(-2) - 30$
 $-16 - 44 - 54 - 30$
- Find $\left(\frac{f}{g}\right)(6)$ $\frac{7}{24}$
 $\frac{2(6)-5}{(6)^2-3(6)+6} = \frac{7}{24}$
- Find $(f \circ g)(1)$ 3
 $f(g(x)) = 2(x^2-3x+6) - 5$
 $= 2x^2 - 6x + 7$
 $2(1)^2 - 6(1) + 7$
- Find $(g \circ f)(-2)$ 114
 $g(f(x)) = (2x-5)^2 - 3(2x-5)$
 $= 4x^2 - 20x + 25 - 6x + 15 + 6$
 $= 4x^2 - 26x + 46$
 $4(-2)^2 - 26(-2) + 46$
 $16 + 52 + 46$
 114

Given $f(x) = 2x^2 - 5x + 1$ and $g(x) = 2x - 3$ find the following:

- $(f \circ g)(3)$ 4
 $f(g(x)) = 2(2x-3)^2 - 5(2x-3) + 1$
 $= 2[4x^2 - 12x + 9] - 10x + 16$
 $= 8x^2 - 34x + 34$
 $8(3)^2 - 34(3) + 34$
 $4(3)^2 - 10(3) + 1$
- $(g \circ f)(1)$ -7
 $g(f(x)) = 2(2x^2 - 5x + 1) - 3$
 $= 4x^2 - 10x - 1$
 $4(1)^2 - 10(1) - 1$

Given that $f(x) = x^2 + 4$ and $g(x) = 3x + 6$ find the following:

- $(f+g)(-4)$ 14
 $f+g = x^2 + 3x + 10$
- $\left(\frac{f}{g}\right)(12)$ $\frac{74}{21}$
 $\frac{f}{g} = \frac{x^2+4}{3x+6} \quad \frac{148}{42} \quad \frac{74}{21}$
- What is the domain of $\left(\frac{f}{g}\right)(x)$ in interval notation? $(-\infty, -2) \cup (-2, \infty)$
Df: $(-\infty, \infty)$
Dg: $(-\infty, \infty)$
- $(f \circ g)(x)$ $9x^2 + 36x + 40$
 $f(g(x)) = (3x+6)^2 + 4$
- $(g \circ f)(x)$ $3x^2 + 18$
 $g(f(x)) = 3(x^2+4) + 6$

Find $(f \circ g)(1)$, $(g \circ f)(3)$, $(f \circ f)(0)$.

- $f(x) = |x+2|$ $g(x) = -x^2$ 1
 $8. \frac{1}{-25}$
 $8. \frac{4}{4}$
- $f(x) = x$ $g(x) = -3$ -3
 $9. \frac{-3}{-3}$
 $9. \frac{0}{0}$
- $f(x) = x^2 - 1$ $g(x) = \sqrt{x}$ 0
 $10. \frac{0}{\sqrt{8} = 2\sqrt{2}}$
 $10. \frac{0}{0}$