Precalculus

Chapter 9 Intro: Complete the Square

Name

Factor the following Perfect Square Trinomials:

(x+9)(x+9)=(x+9)2 (x-8)2	2	. motor tite fortential of tool edam o timeliment
9	ኢ	-
X	+	-
3	18x	
"	+	•
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3	3	5
	5	
		-
~	7	111111111111111111111111111111111111111
-		•
(x-8)2	×	
	+	
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6)		
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+		
12	9	

as a square of a binomial. Find the value of c that makes each expression a perfect square trinomial. Then, write the expression

:-
1. $x^2 + \frac{14x}{7+7} + c$
+
7-
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_+
0
2. a ² + 12a + c 6+6 + 36
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$a^2 + 12a + 6+6$
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3
4
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3. m2 + 11m + c 121
. 0
12

- Steps for solving by completing the square.

 1. Make sure the coefficient on the quadratic term is 1. If it is not 1, then factor to make it so.

 2. Move the constant term to the opposite side of the equal sign from the quadratic & linear terms

 3. Take half of 'b', square it, & add that value to both sides of the equation.

- Take the square root of both sides. Remember-you will get 2 answers. Isolate the variable and simplify to get the final solutions.

6. $\frac{3a^2}{3} + \frac{a}{3} - \frac{2}{3} = \frac{0}{3}$ $Q^2 + \frac{1}{3}Q = \frac{3a}{3}$ $Q^2 + \frac{1}{3}Q + \frac{1}{6}Q = \frac{3a}{3}$ $Q^2 + \frac{1}{3}Q + \frac{1}{6}Q = \frac{3a}{3} + \frac{1}{6}Q$ $Q^2 + \frac{1}{3}Q + \frac{1}{3}Q = \frac{3a}{36}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Solve each of the following by completing the square
$\frac{7}{d^{2}} = \frac{10d}{2} + \frac{5}{2} = \frac{0}{2}$ $\frac{d^{2} - 5d + \frac{5}{2} = 0}{d^{2} - 5d + (\frac{5}{2})^{2} = -\frac{5}{2} + (\frac{5}{2})^{2}}$ $\sqrt{(d - \frac{5}{2})^{2}} = \frac{10d}{2} + \frac{5}{2} = 0$ $\frac{d^{2} - 5d + (\frac{5}{2})^{2} = -\frac{5}{2} + (\frac{5}{2})^{2}}{\sqrt{(\frac{5}{2} - \frac{5}{2})^{2} + (\frac{5}{2})^{2}}}$ $\frac{d^{2} - 5d + (\frac{5}{2})^{2} = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} = 0$ $\frac{d^{2} - 5d + (\frac{5}{2})^{2} = -\frac{5}{2} + (\frac{5}{2})^{2}}{\sqrt{(\frac{5}{2} - \frac{5}{2})^{2} + (\frac{5}{2})^{2}}}$	4. $x^{2} - 14x + 19 = 0$ $x^{2} - 14x + 19 = 0$ $x^{2} - 14x + (7) = -19 + (7)^{2}$ $x^{2} - 14x + (7)^{2} = -19 + (7)^{2}$ $x^{2} - 14x + (7)^{2} = -19 + (7)^{2}$ $x^{2} - 14x + (7)^{2} = -19 + (7)^{2}$ $x^{2} - 14x + (7)^{2} = -19 + (7)^{2}$ $x^{2} - 14x + (7)^{2} = -19 + (7)^{2}$ $x^{2} - 14x + (7)^{2} = -18 + (7)^{2}$ $x^{2} - 14x + (7)^{2} = -18 + (7)^{2}$ $x^{2} - 14x + (7)^{2} = -18 + (7)^{2}$ $x^{2} - 14x + (7)^{2} = -18 + (7)^{2}$ $x^{2} - 14x + (7)^{2} = -18 + (7)^{2}$ $x^{2} - 14x + (7)^{2} = -18 + (7)^{2}$ $x^{2} - 14x + (7)^{2} = -19 + (7)^{2}$ $x^{2} - 14x + (7)^{2} = -19 + (7)^{2}$ $x^{2} - 14x + (7)^{2} = -19 + (7)^{2}$ $x^{2} - 14x + (7)^{2} = -19 + (7)^{2}$ $x^{2} - 14x + (7)^{2} = -19 + (7)^{2}$ $x^{2} - 14x + (7)^{2} = -19 + (7)^{2}$ $x^{2} - 14x + (7)^{2} = -19 + (7)^{2}$ $x^{2} - 14x + (7)^{2} = -19 + (7)^{2}$ $x^{2} - 14x + (7)^{2} = -19 + (7)^{2}$ $x^{2} - 14x + (7)^{2} = -19 + (7)^{2}$ $x^{2} - 14x + (7)^{2} = -19 + (7)^{2}$ $x^{2} - 14x + (7)^{2} = -19 + (7)^{2}$ $x^{2} - 14x + (7)^{2} = -19 + (7)^{2}$ $x^{2} - 14x + (7)^{2} = -19 + (7)^{2}$ $x^{2} - 14x + (7)^{2} = -19 + (7)^{2}$ $x^{2} - 14x + (7)^{2} = -18 + (7)^{2}$	thing the square.

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HOMEWORK

5. $\frac{-25=2x^2+24x}{2}$ $x^2+12x=-\frac{25}{2}$ $(x+6)^2=\frac{47}{2}$	3. $0=x^2-4x-1$ $x^2-4x=1$ $x^2-4x=1$ $(x-2)^2-5$ $(x-2)^2-5$ $(x-2)^2-5$ $(x-2)^2-5$	1. $x^{2}+4x+1=0$ $x^{2}+4x=1=0$ $x^{2}+4x=1=0$ $(x^{2}+4)^{2}=3$ $(x+2)^{2}=3$ $(x+2)^{2}=3$ $(x+2)^{2}=3$
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	4. $-x^{2}-5x-\frac{13}{4}=0$ $\pi u^{1/2}by^{-1}$ $x^{2}+5x+\frac{12}{4}=0$ $x^{2}+5x+\frac{12}{5}=0$ $x^{2}+5x+\frac{12}{5}=-\frac{12}{4}+\frac{5}{2}$ $x^{2}+5x+\frac{5}{2}=2$ $x+\frac{5}{2}=\pm\sqrt{3}$ $x+\frac{5}{2}=\pm\sqrt{3}$ $x+\frac{5}{2}=\pm\sqrt{3}$	2. 2x ² =3x-1 2x ² -2x=1 x ² -2