

Name _____ Class Period _____

Pre-Calculus Unit 2 Calendar - Analytic Trigonometry

Assignments will be checked daily and stamped based on completion.

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday
			2/20 2.0 Simplifying Trig Expressions HW: 2.0 CW	2/21 2.1 Verifying Trig. Identities HW: 2.1 WS
2/24 2.2 Sum/Difference Formulas HW: 2.2 WS	ACT 2/25 Practice Day – Verifying Trig Identities	2/26 2.3 Double Angle Formulas HW: 2.3 WS	2/27 Quiz: Trig. Identities 2.4 Inverse Trig. Functions HW: 2.4 WS	2/28 2.5 Solving Trig. Equations HW: 2.5 WS
3/2 Practice Day – Solving and Inverse Trig HW: 2.6 WS	3/3 2.6 Unit 2 Review Day HW: 2.6 WS	3/4 Analytical Trig. Test HW – Video on Law of Sines		

Reciprocal Identities

$$\sin \theta = \frac{1}{\csc \theta} \quad \cos \theta = \frac{1}{\sec \theta} \quad \tan \theta = \frac{1}{\cot \theta}$$

$$\csc \theta = \frac{1}{\sin \theta} \quad \sec \theta = \frac{1}{\cos \theta} \quad \cot \theta = \frac{1}{\tan \theta}$$

Ratio Identities

$$\tan \theta = \frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta}$$

$$\cot \theta = \frac{\cos \theta}{\sin \theta}$$

Pythagorean Identities

$$\sin^2 \theta + \cos^2 \theta = 1$$

$$\tan^2 \theta + 1 = \sec^2 \theta$$

$$\cot^2 \theta + 1 = \csc^2 \theta$$

Sum/Difference Identities

$$\sin(\alpha \pm \beta) = \sin \alpha \cos \beta \pm \cos \alpha \sin \beta$$

$$\cos(\alpha \pm \beta) = \cos \alpha \cos \beta \mp \sin \alpha \sin \beta$$

$$\tan(\alpha \pm \beta) = \frac{\tan \alpha \pm \tan \beta}{1 \mp \tan \alpha \tan \beta}$$

Even/Odd Identities

$$\sin(-\theta) = -\sin \theta$$

$$\cos(-\theta) = \cos \theta$$

$$\tan(-\theta) = -\tan \theta$$

$$\csc(-\theta) = -\csc \theta$$

$$\sec(-\theta) = \sec \theta$$

$$\cot(-\theta) = -\cot \theta$$

Periodic Identities

$$\sin(\theta + 2\pi) = \sin \theta$$

$$\cos(\theta + 2\pi) = \cos \theta$$

$$\tan(\theta + \pi) = \tan \theta$$

$$\csc(\theta + 2\pi) = \csc \theta$$

$$\sec(\theta + 2\pi) = \sec \theta$$

$$\cot(\theta + \pi) = \cot \theta$$

Double Angle Identities

$$\sin(2\theta) = 2 \sin \theta \cos \theta \quad \cos(2\theta) = \cos^2 \theta - \sin^2 \theta$$

$$\tan(2\theta) = \frac{2 \tan \theta}{1 - \tan^2 \theta} \quad \begin{aligned} &= 2 \cos^2 \theta - 1 \\ &= 1 - 2 \sin^2 \theta \end{aligned}$$

Law of Sines

$$\frac{\sin \alpha}{\alpha} = \frac{\sin \beta}{\beta} = \frac{\sin \gamma}{\gamma}$$

Law of Cosines

$$a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos \alpha$$

$$b^2 = a^2 + c^2 - 2ac \cos \beta$$

$$c^2 = a^2 + b^2 - 2ab \cos \gamma$$

Trig. Identities